

Pathway to Improving Transportation

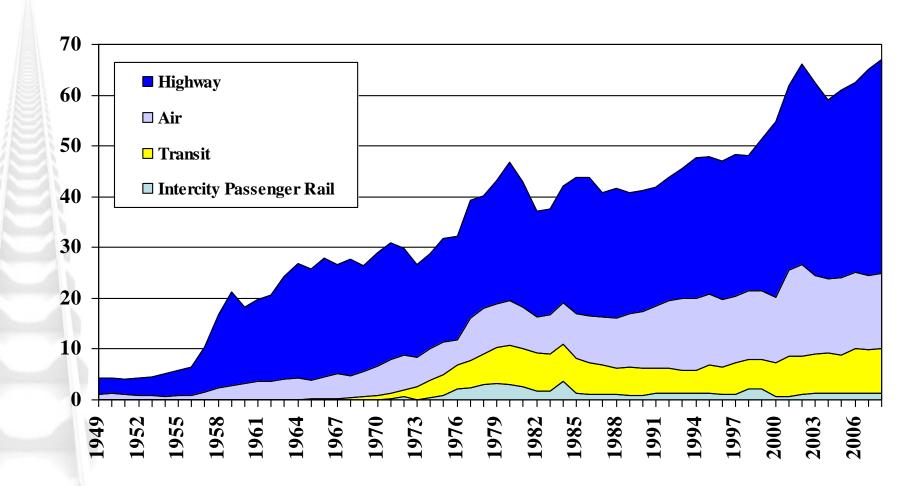
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Administration

NATIONAL RAIL PLAN





Federal Railroad Administration

CUSTOMER

Improve:

- On-Time Performance
- Travel Time
- Speed
- Frequency

RAIL SYSTEM

Increased Ridership

Service Efficiencies

Greater
Demand for
Service

Greater Market Share

NATIONAL TRANSPORTATION SYSTEM

Economic Competitiveness

Jobs

Improve Overall Transportation Safety

Enhance Livable Communities

Improve Energy
Usage
and the Environment

Enhance Mobility



Administration

NATIONAL RAIL PLAN

	Jan/Feb	March/April	May/June/July
Public Policy Issues	Define key issues: governance, finance, strategic goals	Refine and prioritize specific strategies to tie goals to outcomes informed by outreach/white papers	Review final drafts
Outreach	Key DOT/FRA, state, industry groups	Review implementation work/develop strategies to reach goals; focus groups' priorities	Broader outreach; Review draft and incorporate final comments; NRP Meetings
Implementation Issues	Develop white papers: safety, security, network design, land use, governance options	Finalize white papers	Finalize draft plan



Focus Groups Priorities

- We are in a unique period of time. Collaborate to advance both freight and passenger rail.
- Federal leadership is needed to set transportation priorities. Public will benefit.
- Liability limits are needed for passenger operations on freight railroads.
- Strong desire to have high-speed rail supplement air travel in 100-600 mile distances.
- Capacity for passenger equipment depends on long-term commitments and dedicated funding.

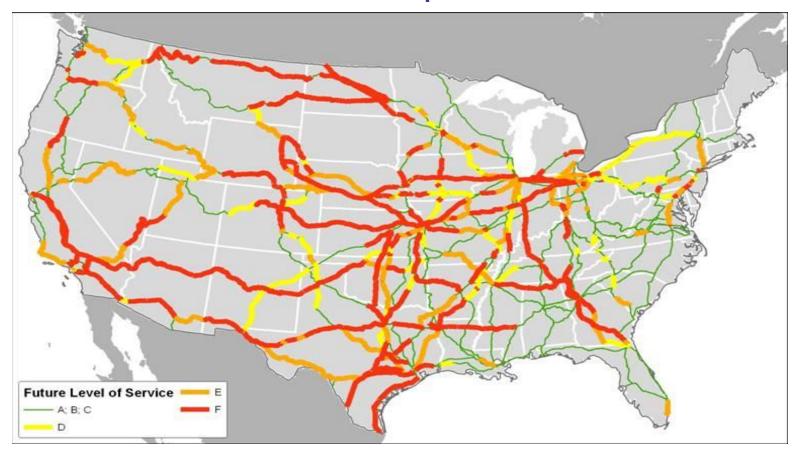


Focus Groups Priorities

- > PTC will cause diversion of capital from near-term capacity improvements; which will lead to freight shifts to highway as capacity is reached on rail.
- Re-regulation could hobble the freight industry and limit its ability to invest in capacity.
- Focus on corridors, establish performance measures and publicize definitive information about public benefits and costs.
- Investment tax credit is a tool that can be used to add capacity and improve public benefits.
- Buy America is not a problem for conventional passenger equipment, but may be for true high-speed rail equipment.

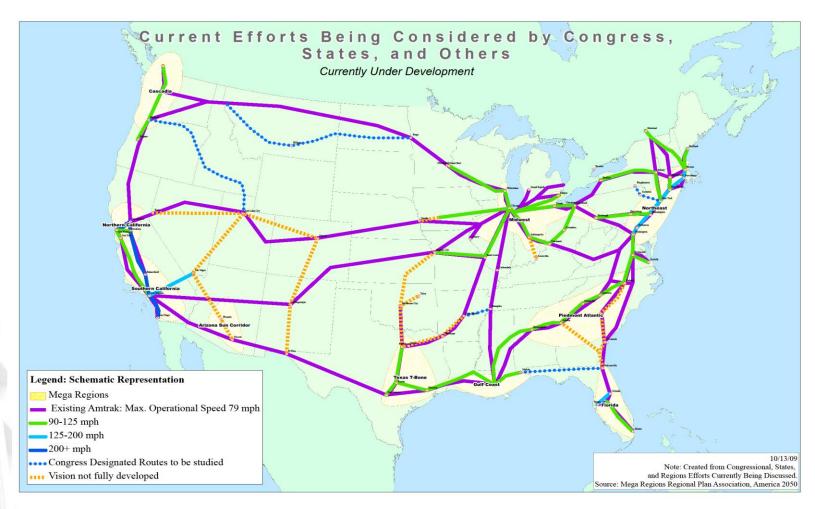


Future Corridor Volumes Compared to Current Corridor Capacity 2035 Without Improvements











The Challenge

- 1. Increase the availability and service levels of high-speed, intercity, and commuter rail
- 2. Increase the amount of freight moved by rail
- 3. Accomplish steps 1 & 2 simultaneously
- 4. Have the appropriate investment strategy



Goals

- To allow rail to be part of an integrated multimodal transportation system that optimizes the inherent strengths and benefits of each mode.
- ➤ Passenger and freight rail envisioned as a way of obtaining the Department's strategic goals. Build market share for future growth.
- ➤ Increase commuter and intercity passenger rail and have high-speed rail on par with other developed countries.



Strategies

- ➤ Have National transportation decision-making based upon a comparison of benefits and costs of infrastructure, operations, and maintenance.
- ➤ Grow intellectual capacity and rail research for the design and implementation of rail transportation improvements.
- ➤ Select the best markets for establishing high-speed rail between city pairs and complementing long-distance air service.
- ➤ Protect and grow rail infrastructure. Grow rail share of market in freight corridors; add intermodal facilities to reduce competitive distance for rail intermodal.
- Focus on corridors and improvements to those corridors to meet the needs of transportation demand in 2035.





Outcomes

- ➤ Improve Overall Transportation Safety
- ➤ Improve Economic Competitiveness
- ➤ Create American Jobs
- Enhance Livable Communities
- ➤ Improve Energy Usage and the Environment
- Enhance Mobility



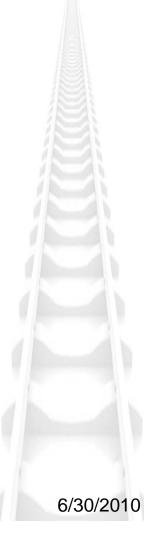
Small Group Questions

Are any significant strategies missing?

How would you prioritize the strategies for the National Rail Plan?







Questions and/or comments



We need a National Rail Plan because the cost of doing nothing is too high.

